# Protecting the Public Purse Fraud Briefing 2013

**London Borough of Tower Hamlets** 





#### **Agenda**

- Introduction and purpose of your Fraud Briefing
- Protecting the Public Purse (PPP) 2013 report national picture
- Interpreting fraud detection results
- The local picture
- Questions?

#### And do not forget

- -Checklist for those charged with governance (Appendix 2 of PPP 2013)
- -Questions councillors may want to ask/consider (Appendix 3 of PPP 2013)



#### Introduction

- Fraud costs local government in England over
   £2 billion per year (source: National Fraud Authority)
- Fraud is never a victimless crime
- Councillors have an important role in the fight against fraud



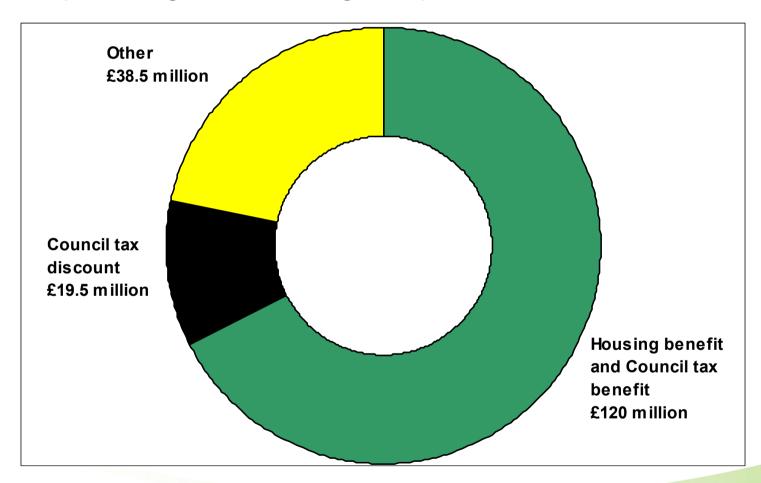


### Purpose of Fraud Briefing at your council

- Opportunity for councillors to consider fraud detection performance, compared to similar local authorities;
- Reviews current counter fraud strategy and priorities;
- Discuss local and national fraud risks;
- Reflect local priorities in a proportionate response to those risks



## National Picture 2012/13 Total cases detected 107,000, with a value of £178 million (excluding social housing fraud)



Nationally, the number of detected frauds has fallen by 14% since 2011/12 and the value by less than 1%

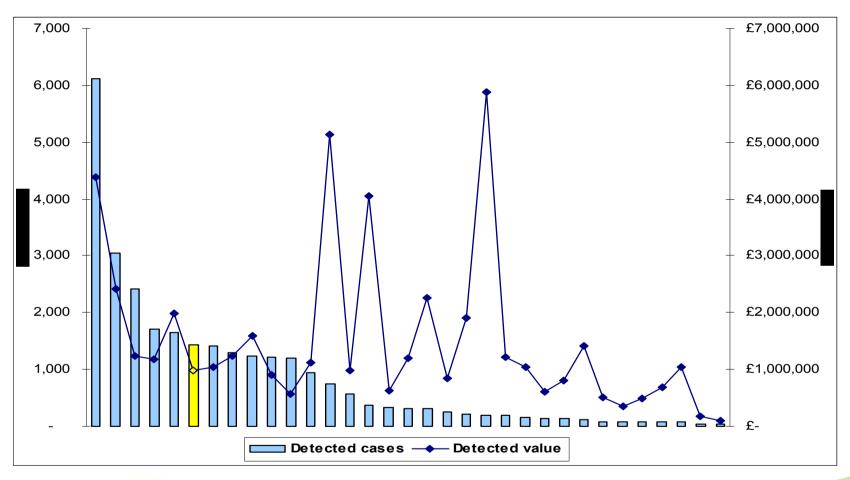


#### Interpreting fraud detection results

- Contextual and comparative information needed to interpret results
- Detected fraud is indicative, not definitive, of counter fraud performance (Prevention and deterrence should not be overlooked)
- No fraud detected does not mean no fraud committed (Fraud will always be attempted and even with the best prevention measures some will succeed)
- Councils who look for fraud, and look in the right way, will find fraud (There is no such thing as a small fraud, just a fraud that has been detected early)



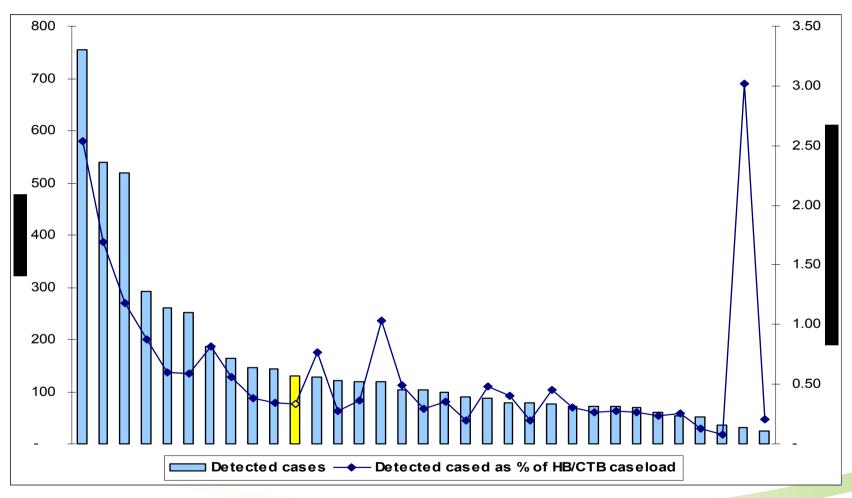
### The local picture Your council compared to other London Boroughs. Total detected cases and value 2012/13 (excluding social housing fraud)



Tower Hamlets detected: 1,440 cases, valued at £989,656



### London Boroughs 2012/13 Housing benefit (HB) and Council tax benefit (CTB) fraud Detected cases and detected cases as a percentage of HB/CTB caseload

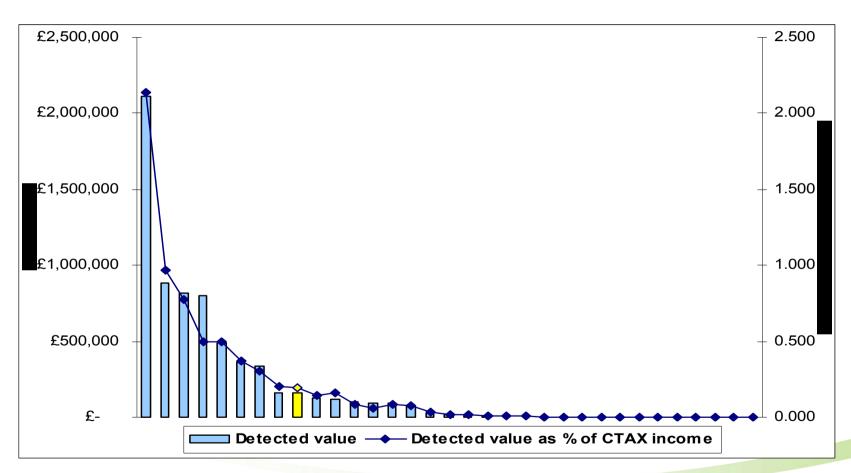


Tower Hamlets detected: 131 cases, valued at £599,674

London average: 153 cases, valued at £874,394



## London Boroughs 2012/13 Council tax (CTAX) discount fraud Detected value and detected value as a percentage of council tax income

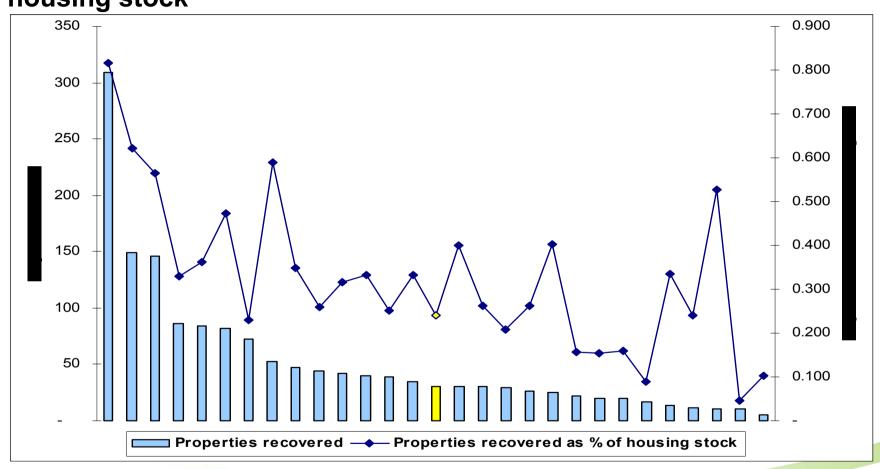


Tower Hamlets detected: 1,199 cases, valued at £161,482

London average: 586 cases, valued at £201,451



# London Boroughs with housing stock 2012/13 Social housing fraud Properties recovered and properties recovered as a percentage of housing stock

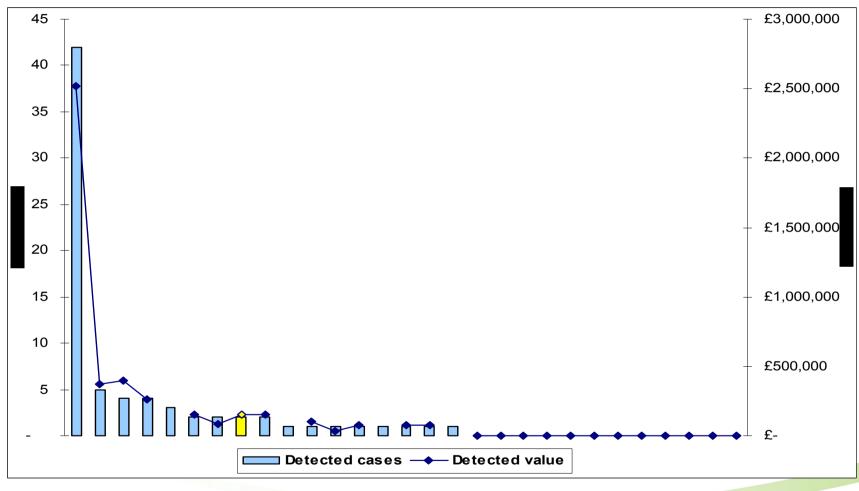


Tower Hamlets recovered: 30 council homes (and a further 17 housing association properties)

London average: 53 properties



### London Boroughs with housing stock 2012/13 Right to buy fraud Detected cases and detected value

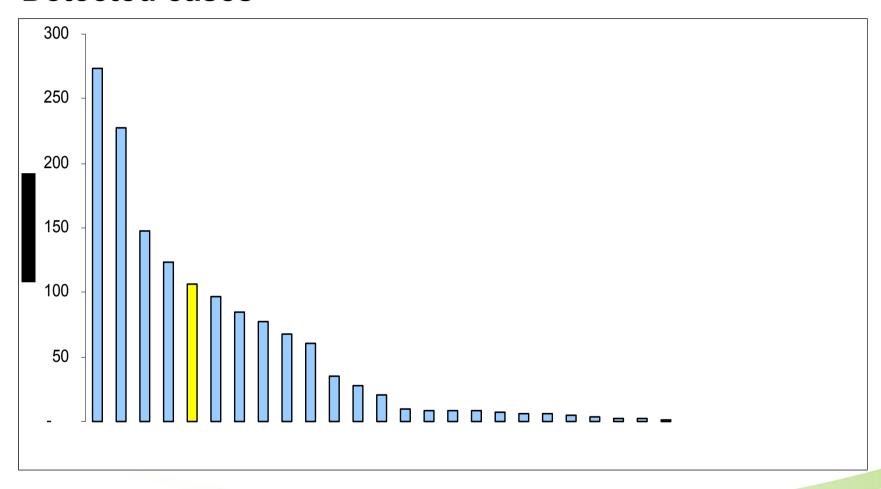


Tower Hamlets detected: 2 cases, valued at £150,000

London average: 2 cases, valued at £134,976



## London Boroughs 2012/13 Disabled parking (Blue Badge) fraud Detected cases



Tower Hamlets detected: 107 cases

London average: 40 cases



### **London Borough of Tower Hamlets Other frauds**

- Procurement: no cases
   (Ave per London Borough: 1 case valued at £11,695)
- Insurance: no cases
   (Ave per London Borough: 1 case valued at £35,274)
- Social care: 1 case, valued at £25,000
   (Ave per London Borough: 2 cases valued at £10,067)
- Economic & Third sector: no cases
   (Ave per London Borough: 1 case valued at £16,846)
- Internal fraud: No cases (Ave per London Borough: 10 cases valued at £302,255)

Correctly recording fraud levels is a central element in assessing fraud risk

It is best practice to record the financial value of each detected case



### **Any questions?**



